We claim:

- 1. A polypeptide selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs: 1 through 152, and functionally equivalent fragments, derivatives, and variants thereof.
- 2. A polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide sequence of claim 1, or a degenerate variant thereof.
- 3. A vector comprising a polynucleotide of claim 2.
- 4. A host cell comprising a vector of claim 3.
- 5. A method for producing a polypeptide comprising:
 - a) culturing the host cell of claim 4 under conditions suitable for the expression of said polypeptide; and
 - b) recovering the polypeptide from the host cell culture.
- 6. A purified antibody which binds specifically to the polypeptide of claim 1.
- 7. The polypeptide of claim 1, wherein said polypeptide is selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs: 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5.
- 8. The polypeptide of claim 1, wherein said polypeptide is selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs: 115, 116, 117, 118, and 119.
- 9. A polynucleotide selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs: 154 through 264.
- 10. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically effective amount of a polypeptide of claim 1, or functionally equivalent fragments, derivatives, and variants thereof, in combination with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 11. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 10, wherein said composition comprises about 2% to about 30% DMSO and optionally, a solvent selected from the consisting of propylene glycol, dimethyl formamide, propylene carbonate, polyethylene glycol, and triglycerides.
- 12. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 10, wherein said polypeptide is selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 115, 116, 117, 118, and 119.
- 13. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically effective amount of a polypeptide of claim 1, or functionally equivalent fragments, derivatives, and variants thereof, in combination with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and one or more pharmaceutical agents.
- 14. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 13, wherein said pharmaceutical agent is selected

from the group consisting of PPAR agonists, sulfonylurea drugs, non-sulfonylurea secretagogues, α-glucosidase inhibitors, insulin sensitizers, insulin secretagogues, hepatic glucose output lowering compounds, insulin, anti-obesity agents, HMG CoA reductase inhibitors, nicotinic acid, bile acid sequestrants, fibric acid derivatives, and anti-hypertensive agents.

- 15. A composition comprising an effective amount of a polypeptide of claim 1, or functionally equivalent fragments, derivatives, and variants thereof, in combination with an inert carrier.
- 16. A method of treating diabetes comprising the step of administering to a subject in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a polypeptide of claim 1.
- 17. The method of claim 16, wherein said diabetes is selected from the group consisting of type 1 diabetes, type 2 diabetes, maturity-onset diabetes of the young, latent autoimmune diabetes adult, and gestational diabetes.
- 18. A method of treating Syndrome X comprising the step of administering to a subject in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a polypeptide of claim 1.
- 19. A method of treating diabetes-related disorders comprising the step of administering to a subject in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a polypeptide of claim 1.
- 20. The method of claim 19, wherein said diabetes-related disorder is selected from the group consisting of hyperglycemia, hyperinsulinemia, impaired glucose tolerance, impaired fasting glucose, dyslipidemia, hypertriglyceridemia, and insulin resistance.
- 21. A method of treating diabetes comprising the step of administering to a subject in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a polypeptide of claim 1 in combination with one or more pharmaceutical agents.
- 22. The method of claim 21, wherein said pharmaceutical agent is selected from the group consisting of PPAR agonists, sulfonylurea drugs, non-sulfonylurea secretagogues, α-glucosidase inhibitors, insulin sensitizers, insulin secretagogues, hepatic glucose output lowering compounds, insulin, and anti-obesity agents.
- 23. The method of claim 22, wherein said diabetes is selected from the group consisting of type 1 diabetes, type 2 diabetes, maturity-onset diabetes of the young, latent autoimmune diabetes adult, and gestational diabetes.
- 24. A method of treating Syndrome X comprising the step of administering to a subject in need

thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a polypeptide of claim 1 in combination with one or more pharmaceutical agents.

- 25. The method of claim 24, wherein said pharmaceutical agent is selected from the group consisting of PPAR agonists, sulfonylurea drugs, non-sulfonylurea secretagogues, α-glucosidase inhibitors, insulin sensitizers, insulin secretagogues, hepatic glucose output lowering compounds, insulin, and anti-obesity agents.
- 26. A method of treating diabetes-related disorders comprising the step of administering to a subject in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a polypeptide of claim 1 in combination with one or more pharmaceutical agents.
- 27. The method of claim 26, wherein said diabetes-related disorder is selected from the group consisting of hyperglycemia, hyperinsulinemia, impaired glucose tolerance, impaired fasting glucose, dyslipidemia, hypertriglyceridemia, and insulin resistance.
- 28. The method of claim 27, wherein said pharmaceutical agent is selected from the group consisting of PPAR agonists, sulfonylurea drugs, non-sulfonylurea secretagogues, α-glucosidase inhibitors, insulin sensitizers, insulin secretagogues, hepatic glucose output lowering compounds, insulin, and anti-obesity agents.
- 29. A method of treating diabetes, Syndrome X, or diabetes-related disorders comprising the step of administering to a subject in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a polypeptide of claim 1 in combination with one or more agents selected from the group consisting of HMG CoA reductase inhibitors, nicotinic acid, bile acid sequestrants, fibric acid derivatives, and anti-hypertensive agents.
- 30. The method of claim 29, wherein said diabetes-related disorder is selected from the group consisting of hyperglycemia, hyperinsulinemia, impaired glucose tolerance, impaired fasting glucose, dyslipidemia, hypertriglyceridemia, and insulin resistance.
- 31. The method of any one of claims 21 to 30, wherein the polypeptide of claim 1 and one or more pharmaceutical agents are administered as a single pharmaceutical dosage formulation.
- 32. A method of treating or preventing secondary causes of diabetes comprising the step of administering to a subject in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a polypeptide of claim 1.

- 33. The method of claim 32, wherein said secondary cause is selected from the group consisting of glucocorticoid excess, growth hormone excess, pheochromocytoma, and drug-induced diabetes.
- 34. A method of treating or preventing secondary causes of diabetes comprising the step of administering a subject in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a polypeptide of claim 1 in combination with one or more pharmaceutical agents.
- 35. The method of claim 34, wherein said pharmaceutical agent is selected from the group consisting of PPAR agonists, sulfonylurea drugs, non-sulfonylurea secretagogues, α-glucosidase inhibitors, insulin sensitizers, insulin secretagogues, hepatic glucose output lowering compounds, insulin, and anti-obesity agents.
- 36. A method of treating respiratory disease comprising the step of administering to a subject in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a polypeptide of claim 1.
- 37. A method of treating obesity comprising the step of administering to a subject in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a polypeptide of claim 1.
- 38. A method of regulating appetite comprising the step of administering to a subject in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a polypeptide of claim 1.
- 39. A method of treating cardiovascular disease comprising the step of administering to a subject in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a polypeptide of claim 1.
- 40. A method of treating disorders of lipid and carbohydrate metabolism comprising the step of administering to a subject in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a polypeptide of claim 1.
- 41. A method of treating sleep disorders comprising the step of administering to a subject in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a polypeptide of claim 1.
- 42. A method of treating male reproductive disorders comprising the step of administering to a subject in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a polypeptide of claim 1.
- 43. A method of treating growth disorders or disorders of energy homeostasis comprising the step of administering to a subject in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a polypeptide of claim 1.
- 44. A method of treating immune diseases comprising the step of administering to a subject in

- need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a polypeptide of claim 1.
- 45. A method of treating autoimmune diseases comprising the step of administering to a subject in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a polypeptide of claim 1.
- 46. A method of treating acute and chronic inflammatory diseases comprising the step of administering to a subject in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a polypeptide of claim 1.
- 47. A method of treating septic shock comprising the step of administering to a subject in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a polypeptide of claim 1.
- 48. A method of stimulating insulin release in a glucose-dependent manner in a subject in need thereof by administering to said subject a polypeptide of claim 1.
- 49. A gene therapy composition comprising a polynucleotide of claim 2 in combination with a therapeutically effective gene therapy vector.
- 50. Polypeptides according to claim 1 for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of diabetes and diabetes-related disorders.
- 51. Medicament containing at least one polypeptide according to claim 1 in combination with at least one pharmaceutically acceptable, pharmaceutically safe carrier or excipient.
- 52. Use of polypeptides according to claim 1 for manufacturing a medicament for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of diabetes and diabetes-related disorders.
- 53. Medicament according to claim 51 for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of diabetes.